STATE OF WASHINGTON
OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS
FOR THE EXECUTIVE ETHICS BOARD

In the matter of: OAH NO. 08-2015-AGO-0002
ERIKA HANSON, EEB NO. 2014-065
Respondent.

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND FINAL ORDER

I. PROCEDURAL HISTORY

1.1 On September 4, 2014, the Executive Ethics Board (Board) staff received a complaint alleging that Erika Hanson, a Classification Counselor with the Department of Corrections (DOC), violated the Ethics in Public Service Act, chapter 42.52 RCW, by using state resources (agency time, computer, and email) during work hours to work on her college coursework and manage her vacation rental from August 2011 to September 2014.

1.2 On March 13, 2015, the Board found reasonable cause to believe a violation of the Ethics in Public Service Act occurred.

1.3 A prehearing conference, with all parties participating, was held on September 14, 2015 with an Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) presiding pursuant to RCW 42.52.500.

1.4 A status conference, with all parties participating, was held on December 22, 2015 with an ALJ presiding.
After due and proper notice, a hearing was held before the Board. The hearing was held at the Board offices at Bristol Court in Olympia, Washington, convening on March 17, 2016. ALJ T.J. Martin from the Office of Administrative Hearings conducted the proceedings, and Board Chair Ross, and members Marsh and Ladenburg were present. Also present was Fronda Woods, Assistant Attorney General, legal advisor to the Board.

Board staff was represented by Chad C. Standifer, Assistant Attorney General. The Board’s Executive Director Kate Reynolds and other Board staff members were present.

Respondent Erika Hanson was present and represented herself, pro se.

By written stipulation filed with the Board, the parties stipulated and agreed to the following Findings of Fact: 2.1 – 2.6. Ms. Hanson testified that she had an opportunity to edit the stipulated facts. During the hearing, the Board received updated information regarding Finding of Fact 2.1, and identified and corrected a typographical error in Finding of Fact 2.4.

Board staff offered Exhibits 1-20. Exhibits 1-20, listed below, were admitted into evidence prior to hearing, as noted in the Order on Status Conference of December 22, 2015, issued by ALJ Alice Haenle. The Board was provided copies of documents that were admitted as exhibits.

1. Preliminary Investigation and Board Determination relating to Department of Corrections (DOC) employee Erika Hanson dated March 13, 2015 (7 pages).
2. Email from DOC employee Kristin Davis to David Killeen dated December 12, 2014 (2 pages).
3. Email from DOC employee Leigh Henderson to David Killeen dated December 12, 2014 (2 pages).
4. Email from DOC employee Rebecca Owens to David Killeen dated December 11, 2014 (2 pages).
5. Email from DOC employee Debra Palmer to David Killeen dated December 10, 2014 (3 pages).
6. Documents found on Erika Hanson’s DOC computer relating to her college coursework (177 pages).
1. Ms. Hanson offered Exhibits A-C. Exhibits A-C, listed below, were admitted into evidence prior to hearing, as noted in the Order on Status Conference of December 22, 2015, issued by ALJ Alice Haenle. The Board was provided copies of documents that were admitted as exhibits.

   A. Witness List (1 page).

   B. Additional documents (as listed above).

   C. Additional documents (as listed above).
B. Emails found on Erika Hanson’s computer relating to school, work, and personal (29 pages).

C. Letter of recommendation from supervisor and performance evaluation.

1.11 The parties did not submit prehearing briefs.

1.12 The proceedings were recorded and open to the public.

1.13 The Board heard the testimony of David Killeen, Rebecca Owens, Debra Palmer, Kristin Davis, Gwen Malham, and Respondent Erika Hanson.

1.14 The hearing was adjourned on March 17, 2016.

Based on the evidence presented, the Board enters the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Final Order:

II. FINDINGS OF FACT

2.1 Ms. Hanson began working for the Department of Corrections (DOC) in July 2011. From January of 2013 through March of 2014, Ms. Hanson worked as a Correctional Officer at Mission Creek Correctional Center for Women (MCCCW). During that time, she worked Saturday, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday from 9:50 p.m. to 6:20 a.m. In or around March of 2014, Ms. Hanson transferred to the DOC Field Office in Bremerton as a Community Corrections Officer. She held that position until July 2014. During that time, she worked Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. In or around July of 2014, Ms. Hanson transferred back to MCCCW as a Classification Counselor, again working Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

2.2 During the time she worked at DOC, Ms. Hanson was working towards a master’s degree from Brandman University in marriage and family therapy. She also operated a vacation property rental business.

2.3 Ms. Hanson had access to multiple computers while working at MCCCW, but several of these computers had been replaced, reformatted, and surplused prior to the initiation of Board staff’s investigation. The two available hard drives were obtained from DOC by
Board Staff and analyzed. The contents of Ms. Hanson’s personal “H” drive, located on the
DOC network, was also obtained from DOC by Board staff and analyzed. Ms. Hanson used
her “H” drive during throughout the relevant time period. With the exception of individuals in
the DOC’s Information Technology department, no other DOC employee had access to
Ms. Hanson’s “H” drive. Finally, Ms. Hanson’s DOC email was also obtained and analyzed.

2.4 Approximately 30 documents related to Ms. Hanson’s course work conducted at
Brandman University relating to the time period of April 21, 2013 through November 14, 2014
were located on one of the two available hard drives and/or Ms. Hanson’s DOC “H” drive.
Board Ex. 6. Ms. Hanson contends that while she used a state computer to work on these
documents, the time used was personal time and/or limited to her break or lunch times.
Examples of the documents located on the hard drives and/or Ms. Hanson’s “H” drive are
listed below, along with the document properties for those documents as reviewed and
analyzed by Board Staff Investigator David Killeen:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Document type</th>
<th>Last saved</th>
<th>Printed</th>
<th>Length (pages)</th>
<th>Time edited</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Older Adult Interview Assignment</td>
<td>Word</td>
<td>4/21/13 at 1:42pm</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Conflict of Religion and Homosexuality</td>
<td>Word</td>
<td>12/11/13 at 6pm</td>
<td>12/9/13 at 11:42pm</td>
<td>18</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hanson MS Exam</td>
<td>Word</td>
<td>2/2/14 at 5:54am</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skinner</td>
<td>Word</td>
<td>2/3/14 at 12:10am</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Theorist Paper</td>
<td>Word</td>
<td>2/4/14 at 2:30am</td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Behavior Plan</td>
<td>Word</td>
<td>2/4/14 at 6:02am</td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bowen Family Therapy</td>
<td>PowerPoint</td>
<td>4/3/14 at 4:15pm</td>
<td>4/3/14 at 5:24pm</td>
<td>1 hour, 10 minutes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experimental Family Therapy</td>
<td>PowerPoint</td>
<td>4/14/14 at 4:56pm</td>
<td>4/14/14 at 4:56 pm</td>
<td>6 hours, 57 minutes (created 4/14/14 at 11:38 am)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.5 Approximately eight documents related to Ms. Hanson’s vacation property rental business or of an otherwise personal nature were located on the examined hard drives and/or Ms. Hanson’s personal “H” drive. Board Exhibit 7. These documents included three rental contracts, rental property cleaning instructions, a profit and loss report, loan modification documents for Ms. Hanson’s husband as well as a credit report, and a quarterly report. *Id.* These documents were from approximately September of 2012 to September of 2014. *Id.*

2.6 An analysis of Ms. Hanson’s DOC email for the period of December 8, 2012 through October 7, 2014, a 23 month time period, indicated that she sent/received approximately 424 emails related to her college coursework, her vacation rental property business, or that were personal in nature. Board Exhibits 8, 9 and 10. Of these 424 emails, approximately 153 emails related to her coursework including course assignment attachments, 43 emails related to her business including three with rental contacts attached, and 228 were emails that were of an otherwise personal nature and not work related. *Id.* Ms. Hanson contends that some of the 228 personal emails involved her DOC co-workers and may have been work related.

2.7 Sergeant Darron Everitt supervised Ms. Hanson on Mondays and Tuesdays, from July 2013 to March 15, 2014. Shortly after becoming her supervisor, he talked with
Ms. Hanson regarding allegations that she was completing her college coursework during work hours. Sergeant Everitt told Ms. Hanson she could only work on her coursework during her breaks and lunch. Sergeant Everitt was not aware that Ms. Hanson was using state resources for personal use, including complete college coursework and conducting her outside rental business. At no time did Sergeant Everitt, or any other DOC supervisor, give Ms. Hanson permission to complete college coursework or conduct her outside business using state resources. Board Exhibit 16; Hanson testimony.

2.8 Ms. Hanson received training on DOC policies concerning ethics and use of state resources. Hanson testimony.

2.9 Debra Palmer is employed as a Custody Officer 2 for DOC at MCCCW. Ms. Palmer worked with Ms. Hanson from January 2013 through March 15, 2014, two nights per week, Mondays and Tuesdays, from 9:50 p.m. to 6:20 a.m. Ms. Palmer testified by telephone that Ms. Hanson brought her schoolbooks to work and did not hide what she was working on. Ms. Palmer could see Ms. Hanson sitting at a computer but did not actually see what was on the computer screen. She said there is some computer work required as part of the job, maybe a couple of hours per night, but that Ms. Hanson spent most of the night at the computer. She saw Ms. Hanson picking up documents from the printer but did not see what they were. She said Ms. Hanson’s computer use affected other employees’ jobs, and they would cover for her clearing the kitchen, moving laundry, and moving equipment and other property. Ms. Palmer testified that Ms. Hanson’s set break time was 2:30 a.m. to 3:00 a.m. and that Ms. Hanson would take a nap from 2:20 a.m. to 3:10 a.m.

2.10 Rebecca Owens is employed as a Custody Officer 2 for DOC at MCCCW. Ms. Owens worked with Ms. Hanson from approximately January 2013 through March 15, 2014, two nights per week, Sunday and Monday, from 9:50 p.m. to 6:20 a.m. Ms. Owens testified that she observed Ms. Hanson working on the computer and the time seemed excessive. Ms. Owens observed school books and observed Craigslist on the computer screen.
She said Ms. Hanson’s use of computers affected Ms. Owens’ job. Ms. Owens went to her supervisor and complained. After that, Ms. Hanson and Ms. Owens avoided each other and did not get along.

2.11 Kristin Davis is employed as a Custody Officer for DOC at MCCCW. Ms. Davis worked with Ms. Hanson from approximately February 2013 through March 15, 2014, one night per week, 9:50 p.m. to 6:20 a.m. Ms. Davis testified by telephone that as a response movement officer, Ms. Davis might spend one to two hours per night on the computer and she observed Ms. Hanson using the unit officer station computer. On about half the nights Ms. Davis worked with Ms. Hanson, she saw Ms. Hanson doing computer work that was not work-related, and she saw books with Ms. Hanson at the computer. Ms. Davis saw a university emblem on the screen. Ms. Davis never saw anything related to vacation property on Ms. Hanson’s computer.

2.12 Gwen Malham is a former Classifications Counselor for DOC. Ms. Malham worked with Ms. Hanson at MCCCW from approximately July 16, 2013 through December 4, 2014, Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Ms. Malham testified that she trained Ms. Hanson and shared an office with her. She said Ms. Hanson spent little time in the office, and Ms. Malham complained to their supervisor. A couple of times, Ms. Malham observed non-work-related material on Ms. Hanson’s computer screen, and she observed that Ms. Hanson was typing quite a bit, more than was needed for the facilities plan. Ms. Malham also observed that Ms. Hanson would bring books to work.

2.13 Respondent Erika Hanson testified that she believes she was a target on the graveyard shift. She testified, in partial contradiction to Stipulated Finding of Fact 7, that Sergeant Everitt did not tell her not to use a state computer, but told her not to bring her book bag because staff perceived that she was doing college work on state time. She testified that she did not spend more than one hour on state time doing personal work on state computers during the shift. She testified that she printed out documents at work only in emergencies.
when she needed it right away and brought in her own paper to print an eighteen-page
document. She admitted she used state resources but believes it was minimal.

2.14 The Board found that all Findings of Fact were proven by a preponderance of
the evidence.

III. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

3.1 The Board has jurisdiction to hear this matter pursuant to RCW 42.52.360(1),
which authorizes the Board to enforce the Ethics in Public Service Act, chapter 42.52 RCW,
with respect to employees in the executive branch of state government. The Board has
jurisdiction over Erika Hanson, whose actions occurred while she was a state employee. The
complaint was filed in accordance with RCW 42.52.410, the Board found reasonable cause
pursuant to RCW 42.52.420, and an adjudicative proceeding was conducted pursuant to
RCW 42.52.430 and 42.52.500. All the required procedural notices have been provided.

3.2 The Ethics in Public Service Act governs the conduct of state officers and
employees. Under RCW 42.52.430(5), a violation must be established by a preponderance of
the evidence.

3.3 A state employee may not use state resources under her official control for her
own private benefit or gain, or for the private benefit or gain of another, under
RCW 42.52.160(1), which states:

No state officer or state employee may employ or use any person,
money, or property under the officer’s or employee’s official control or
direction, or in his or her official custody, for the private benefit or gain of the
officer, employee, or another.

3.4 The Board’s rule relating to use of state resources provides in
WAC 292-110-010(2)\(^1\) that:

\(^1\) The Board amended WAC 292-110-010, effective April 1, 2016. The amended rule contains language
that is almost, but not quite, identical to the quoted language.
(d) A state officer or employee may make an occasional but limited personal use of state resources only if each of the following conditions are met:

(i) There is little or no cost to the state;
(ii) Any use is brief;
(iii) Any use occurs infrequently;
(iv) The use does not interfere with the performance of any officer’s or employee’s official duties; and
(v) The use does not compromise the security or integrity of state property, information, or software.

3.5 Based on the above stated Findings of Fact, the Board concludes that Ms. Hanson committed violations of RCW 42.52.160(1) when she used state-issued computers, the internet, and work time for two purposes that involved her private benefit or gain—managing her rental property and doing her college coursework.

Documents and emails were found on DOC computers and Ms. Hanson’s personal “H” drive that were not work-related. Exhibits 6 and 8 related to her college coursework (354 pages total). Exhibits 7 and 9 related to her rental property (108 pages total). The record includes approximately 38 documents and 428 emails created through a time period of approximately two years. Findings of Fact 2.4-2.6. This volume of documents and emails does not represent the brief or infrequent use contemplated by the rule that permits limited, brief, and infrequent personal use of state time and physical resources.

Ms. Hanson worked on these documents during her work hours. For example, the documents described in the table included in Finding of Fact 2.4 were saved or printed during Ms. Hanson’s scheduled working hours. Killeen testimony. Several of Ms. Hanson’s co-workers also observed her working on things of a personal nature on state time, sometimes using a DOC computer. Palmer testimony; Owens testimony; Davis testimony; Malham testimony. Ms. Hanson was consistently working on matters of a personal nature while she should have been carrying out her duties as a DOC employee. Even if some of Ms. Hanson’s work on personal matters occurred during a break or lunch time, she was prohibited at all times
from using a DOC computer in furtherance of her personal activities. The Board concludes that her use of state resources interfered with the performance of her official duties.

Ms. Hanson does not dispute that the documents and emails admitted into evidence were of a personal nature and not work-related. She admitted to using the computer up to an hour per shift and using the printer. Hanson testimony. She argues her use was permitted under WAC 292-110-010 as being *de minimis* in nature. However, WAC 292-110-010(2) requires that a use of state resources be brief and infrequent and not interfere with the performance of one's official duties. In summary, based on evidence and testimony presented, the Board determined that Ms. Hanson's use of state resources was not of a *de minimis* nature. Her conduct violated RCW 42.52.160(1).

3.6 In determining the appropriate sanction, including the amount of civil penalty, for the use of state resources for managing rental property, the Board determined, under WAC 292-120-030(2)(a) and (b), that the violation was continuing in nature and was motivated by financial gain.

In determining the appropriate sanction, including the amount of civil penalty, for the use of state resources for doing college coursework, the Board determined, under WAC 292-120-030(2)(a), (d), and (f), that the violation was continuing in nature, impaired a function of the agency, and involved personal gain to Ms. Hanson.

3.7 In determining the appropriate sanction, including the amount of civil penalty, for the use of state resources for managing rental property and doing college coursework, the Board determined as an aggravating circumstance for both violations, under WAC 292-120-030(3)(a) and (f), that Ms. Hanson intentionally committed the violation with knowledge that the conduct constituted a violation and incurred no other sanctions as a result of the violation.

3.8 In determining the appropriate sanction, including the amount of civil penalty, the Board considered the mitigating circumstances set forth under WAC 292-120-030(4), but
knowledge that the conduct constituted a violation and incurred no other sanctions as a result of the violation.

3.8 In determining the appropriate sanction, including the amount of civil penalty, the Board considered the mitigating circumstances set forth under WAC 292120030(4), but found none applicable. Ms. Hanson did not have supervisory approval for her conduct. At least one of her supervisors, Sergeant Darron Everitt, put her on notice during the relevant time period that she was prohibited from using a DOC computer to work on things of a personal nature. Finding of Fact 2.7.

3.9 Under RCW 42.52.480, the Board may impose a civil penalty of up to $5,000 per violation or three times the economic value of anything received or sought in violation of the Ethics in Public Service Act, whichever is greater. The Board may also impose the costs of investigating the complaint and may order restitution for any damages sustained by the state.

IV. ORDER

4.1 Based upon the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, it is hereby ordered that Erika Hanson is assessed a total monetary civil penalty of $3,000, payable in full within 90 days of the effective date of this order.

4.2 The amount was calculated as follows: a $1,000 civil penalty for violations of RCW 42.52.160(1) related to managing her rental property plus a $2,000 civil penalty for violations of RCW 42.52.160(1) related to doing her college coursework.

DATED this 27th day of April 2016.

WASHINGTON STATE EXECUTIVE ETHICS BOARD

Anna Dudek Ross, Chair
APPEAL RIGHTS

RECONSIDERATION OF FINAL ORDER – BOARD

Any party may ask the Executive Ethics Board to reconsider a Final Order. The request must be in writing and must include the specific grounds or reasons for the request. The request must be delivered to Board office within 10 days after the postmark date of this order.

The Board is deemed to have denied the request for reconsideration if, within 20 days from the date the request is filed, the Board does not either dispose of the petition or serve the parties with written notice specifying the date by which it will act on the petition. RCW 34.05.470.

The Respondent is not required to ask the Board to reconsider the Final Order before seeking judicial review by a superior court. RCW 34.05.470.

FURTHER APPEAL RIGHTS – SUPERIOR COURT

A Final Order issued by the Executive Ethics Board is subject to judicial review under the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW. See RCW 42.52.440. The procedures are provided in RCW 34.05.510–34.05.598.

The petition for judicial review must be filed with the superior court and served on the Board and any other parties within 30 days of the date that the Board serves this Final Order on the parties. RCW 34.05.542(2). This Final Order was served on the date of mailing, RCW 34.05.542(4).

A petition for review must set forth:
(1) The name and mailing address of the petitioner;
(2) The name and mailing address of the petitioner’s attorney, if any;
(3) The name and mailing address of the agency whose action is at issue;
(4) Identification of the agency action at issue, together with a duplicate copy, summary, or brief description of the agency action;
(5) Identification of persons who were parties in any adjudicative proceedings that led to the agency action;
(6) Facts to demonstrate that the petitioner is entitled to obtain judicial review;
(7) The petitioner’s reasons for believing that relief should be granted; and
(8) A request for relief, specifying the type and extent of relief requested.

RCW 34.05.546.

ENFORCEMENT OF FINAL ORDERS

If there is no timely request for reconsideration, this is the Final Order of the Board. The Respondent is legally obligated to pay any penalty assessed.

The Board will seek to enforce a Final Order in superior court and recover legal costs and attorney’s fees if the penalty remains unpaid and no petition for judicial review has been timely filed under chapter 34.05 RCW. This action will be taken without further order by the Board.
CERTIFICATION OF MAILING

This certifies that a copy of the above Final Order was served upon the parties by depositing a copy of same in the United States mail, postage prepaid, addressed to the following:

Erika Hanson
PO Box 1524
Gig Harbor, WA 98335

Chad C. Standifer
Office of the Attorney General
P.O. Box 40100
Olympia, WA 98504-0100

Bruce L. Turcott
Office of the Attorney General
P.O. Box 40110
Olympia, WA 98504-0110

State of Washington )
) ss.
County of Thurston )

I certify that I have this day served a copy of this document upon all parties in this proceeding, as listed, by mailing a copy thereof, properly addressed and postage prepaid, to each party to the proceeding or his or her attorney or agent.

Olympia, Washington, this _day of ____________, 2016.

RUTHANN BRYANT
Administrative Officer