participated.

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Based on the evidence presented, the Board enters the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Final Order:

II. FINDINGS OF FACT

- 2.1 For all times pertinent to this matter, Withheld was employed by DSHS as an Occupational Therapist at Western State Hospital.
- 2.2 Ms. Withhele submitted a Notification of Outside Employment form dated January 28, 2008 to DSHS indicating that she "intended to rent to people with mental illness." She also indicated that she would be contacting DSHS staff and/or engaging in business with DSHS. This request was not approved. She resubmitted the form, dated February 25, 2008, clarifying that she would not contract with any agency; however, would rent to people with mental illness, among others. The second request was signed, although it was not marked "approved" or "disapproved," and no conditions were attached.
- 2.3 In her position as an Occupational Therapist, Ms. withhel provides group therapy for patients. During these groups, she uses her own life experiences to teach real-world situations that involve decision-making, problem-solving, social skills, pre-vocational skills, stress management, empowerment, assertiveness, substance use and abuse and consequence of actions. She owns a rooming house and rents to people with mental illness/disabilities and often uses situations that arise in her boarding home setting.
- 2.4 In April 2008, a patient was leaving Western State Hospital, and the Western State Hospital placement team wanted to place the patient in home. Ultimately, this patient was not discharged, so was not placed in her home.
- 2.5 After a group session, one of the patients asked Ms. Withhel if he could rent a room at her rooming house when he left the hospital. Ms. Withhel had an open room and directed the patient to speak with his social worker Mike Parker about discharge options. The patient asked Ms. Withhel to speak to Mr. Parker. One June 16, 2009, Ms. Withhel spoke to

Mr. Parker about the patient's discharge and placement at her rental home.	The patient wa
ultimately not placed in Ms. Withheld home.	

- 2.6 Ms. Withhe asserts that she has actually never had a patient come directly from Western State Hospital to her rental property as a tenant. There is no evidence that a Western State Hospital patient went directly from Western State Hospital to Ms. Withheld rental property.
- 2.7 On August 4, 2010, Ms. Withheld supervisor issued a Performance Meeting Record to document his concern that Ms. Withheld was soliciting patients to rent rooms at Ms. Withheld property and remind her that DSHS prohibits solicitation of patients.

III. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 3.1 The Board has jurisdiction to hear this matter pursuant to RCW 42.52.360(1), which authorizes the Board to enforce the Ethics in Public Service Act with respect to employees in the executive branch of state government. The complaint was filed in accordance with RCW 42.52.410, the Board found reasonable cause pursuant to RCW 42.52.420, and the public hearing was conducted pursuant to RCW 42.52.430 and .500. All the required procedural notices have been provided.
- 3.2 The Ethics in Public Service Act, chapter 42.52 RCW, governs the conduct of state officers and employees. A state employee is restricted from using her position to secure special privileges for herself or other persons.

RCW 42.52.070 states:

Except as required to perform duties within the scope of employment, no state officer or state employee may use his or her position to secure special privileges or exemptions for himself or herself, or his or her spouse, child, parents, or other persons.

violated RCW 42.52.070 in that her professional relationships and communications with patients in the performance of her duties constituted solicitations for patients to be placed in her rental home. She used her experience as a patient group leader to

inform patients that she had rooms for rent which might be a placement opportunity for them. This influenced the patients to seek placement with her, and therefore provided her with a special privilege and a financial interest in the patients' placement, regardless of whether Ms. Withhe ever had a patient placed in her rental home from Western State Hospital.

- 3.4 Under RCW 42.52.480, the Board may impose a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 per violation or three times the economic value of anything received or sought in violation of the Ethics in Public Service Act, whichever is greater. The Board may also impose the cost of investigating the complaint and order restitution for any damages sustained by the state.
- 3.5 In determining the appropriate sanction, including the amount of any civil penalty, the Board considered the extent or magnitude or severity of the violations under WAC 292-120-030.
- 3.6 In determining the appropriate sanction, including the amount of any civil penalty, the Board determined, under WAC 292-120-030(2), that the nature of the violations:
 - (a) Was continuing in nature, despite direction to the contrary;
 - (e) Tended to significantly reduce public respect for or confidence in state government or state government officers or employees; and
 - (f) Involved potential personal gain or special privilege to the Respondent.
- 3.7 In determining the appropriate sanction, including the amount of any civil penalty, the Board considered as a aggravating circumstance, under WAC 292-120-030(3)(f), that Respondent incurred no other sanctions as a result of the violation.
- 3.8 In determining the appropriate sanction, including the amount of any civil penalty, the Board considered as a mitigating factors, under WAC 292-120-030(4), that:
 - (c) The unethical conduct was not clearly disapproved by the Respondent's supervisor when Exhibit 4 was signed without marking "approved" or "disapproved" or attaching conditions; and
 - (d) The violation was unintentional in that Respondent did not understand her conduct involved an ethical violation.

3.9 Based on the totality of the facts in the record, and utilizing RCW 42.52.480 and WAC 292-120-030 as a guide, the Board finds that an appropriate monetary penalty is \$300.

IV. ORDER

4.1 Based upon the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, it is hereby ordered that withheld violated the Ethics in Public Service Act as outlined in paragraph 3.3 above. Ms. withheld s assessed a monetary civil penalty in the amount of \$300. Payment in full is due within 90 days of the date of this Order.

DATED this \tag{\tag{th}} day of September, 2012.

Lisa Marsh, Vice-Chair

Michael Bahn, Membe

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Anna Dudek Ross, Member

APPEAL RIGHTS

RECONSIDERATION OF FINAL ORDER - BOARD

Any party may ask the Executive Ethics Board to reconsider a Final Order. The request must be in writing and must include the specific grounds or reasons for the request.

The request must be delivered to Board office within 20 days after the postmark date of this order.

The Board is deemed to have denied the request for reconsideration if, within 20 days from the date the request is filed, the Board does not either dispose of the petition or serve the parties with written notice specifying the date by which it will act on the petition. (RCW 34.05.470).

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The Respondent is not required to ask the Board to reconsider the Final Order before seeking judicial review by a superior court. (RCW 34.05.470).

FURTHER APPEAL RIGHTS - SUPERIOR COURT

A Final Order issued by the Executive Ethics Board is subject to judicial review under the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW. See RCW 42.52.440. The procedures are provided in RCW 34.05.510 - .598.

The petition for judicial review must be filed with the superior court and served on the Board and any other parties within 30 days of the date that the Board serves this Final Order on the parties. (RCW 34.05.542(2)). A petition for review must set forth:

- (1) The name and mailing address of the petitioner;
- (2) The name and mailing address of the petitioner's attorney, if any;
- (3) The name and mailing address of the agency whose action is at issue;
- (4) Identification of the agency action at issue, together with a duplicate copy, summary, or brief description of the agency action;
- (5) Identification of persons who were parties in any adjudicative proceedings that led to the agency action;
- (6) Facts to demonstrate that the petitioner is entitled to obtain judicial review;
- (7) The petitioner's reasons for believing that relief should be granted; and
- (8) A request for relief, specifying the type and extent of relief requested. Service is defined in RCW 34.05.010(19) as the date of mailing or personal service.

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ENFORCEMENT OF FINAL ORDERS

If there is no timely request for reconsideration, this is the Final Order of the Board. The Respondent is legally obligated to pay any penalty assessed.

The Board will seek to enforce a Final Order in superior court and recover legal costs and attorney's fees if the penalty remains unpaid and no petition for judicial review has been timely filed under chapter 34.05 RCW. This action will be taken without further order by the Board.

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND FINAL ORDER