## BEFORE THE EXECUTIVE ETHICS BOARD OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

In Re the Matter of Withheld

EEB Case No. 06-049
Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and
Order Imposing Fine

A brief adjudicative proceeding was held May 12, 2010, at the offices of the Executive Ethics Board, 1110 S. Capitol Way, Olympia, Washington to consider whether the Respondent violated RCW 42.52 .070 and 42.52 .160 by granting herself special privileges and by using state resources to purchase items through an on-line mail order company.

The hearing was held in accordance with Chapters 34.05 and 42.52 RCW and Chapter 292-100 WAC. Board Chair Linnaea Jablonski presided over the proceedings.
Executive Director Melanie de Leon represented the Board staff. Jerry Anderson, Senior Assistant Attorney General and Board Counsel and investigator Nancy Lewin were also present. The Respondent appeared by telephone and provided testimony to the Presiding Officer.

Board staff sent the respondent notice of the brief adjudicative proceeding on January 26, 2010. The respondent received the notice on February 6, 2010. A subsequent letter was sent on March 25, 2010 confirming the hearing date and time and notifying the Respondent she would be in default if she did not appear. Having considered the evidence, the Presiding Officer finds as follows:

## FINDINGS OF FACT

1. At all times pertinent, Withheld was employed by the Parks and Recreation Commission (Parks) as a secretary supervisor.
2. Between November 2004 and March 2005, Ms. Withheld ordered personal items from her state computer from ABC Distributing Company (ABC), a business-tobusiness mail order company. Ms. Withheld used her position as a Parks employee to open an account with ABC. She used her work address as the shipping address and her state email address as the contact email address. The name of the company Ms. Withheld used to access ABC was "Oper WA State Parks \& Rec". Ms. Withheld placed five orders totaling $\$ 358.36$.
3. Ms. Withheld has admitted to placing the orders to ABC using her state computer and to using the Parks address as the delivery address for her orders.
4. As a result of a Whistleblower investigation into her actions, Parks reduced Ms. Withheld pay by 5 percent for a 3-month period.

## CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Based on the above facts, as a matter of law, the Presiding Officer concluded as follows:

1. This matter was duly and properly convened and all jurisdictional, substantive and procedural requirements have been satisfied.
2. The Respondent appeared at the hearing via telephone.
3. The Respondent violated RCW 42.52 .070 and 42.52 .160 by using her position and the resources of the agency to purchase personal items.

## ORDER

ON the basis of the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law,

## IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Respondent is assessed a civil penalty of $\mathbf{\$ 2 5 0}$.

This is an Initial Order of the Executive Ethics Board. There are two ways the Respondent may appeal this order to the Board. Once the order becomes a Final Order, it may also be appealed to Superior Court.

## REVIEW OF INITIAL ORDER - BOARD

a. The Respondent may request a review of this Initial Order by the entire Board.
b. The request may be made orally or in writing, and must be received at the Executive Ethics Board office within 20 days after the postmark date of this Initial Order.
c. If the Respondent requests a review, no penalty need be paid until after the Board rules on the request.
d. By law, a request for review of the initial order is deemed to have been denied if the Board does not make a disposition of the matter within 20 days after the request is submitted.
e. If the Board is unable to schedule a meeting to consider the Respondent's request for review within 20 days, the Initial Order becomes a Final Order and the matter will automatically be treated as a request for reconsideration of a Final Order unless the Respondent advises the Board otherwise. The matter will be scheduled before the full Board as soon as practicable.
f. A request for reconsideration must be in writing. Therefore, if the request for review of the Initial Order was made orally and deemed to have been denied because it could not be scheduled for consideration within 20 days, the request must now be put in writing. (See Reconsideration of Final Order below.)
g. If no request for review is received within 20 days, this order will automatically become a Final Order of the Board, and the Respondent will be legally obligated to pay the penalty unless reconsideration has been sought or the matter has been timely appealed to Superior Court. (RCW 34.05.570).

## RECONSIDERATION OF FINAL ORDER - COMMISSION

a. Any party may ask the Board to reconsider a Final Order. The request must be in writing and must include the specific grounds or reasons for the request.
b. The request must be delivered to Executive Ethics Board office within 20 days after the postmark date of this order.
c. The Executive Ethics Board is deemed to have denied the request for reconsideration if, within 20 days from the date the request is filed, the Board does not either dispose of the petition or serve the parties with written notice specifying the date by which it will act on the petition. (RCW 34.05.470).
d. The Respondent is not required to ask the Executive Ethics Board to reconsider the Final Order before seeking judicial review by a superior court. (RCW 34.05.470).

## FURTHER APPEAL RIGHTS - SUPERIOR COURT

a. A Final Order issued by the Executive Ethics Board is subject to judicial review under the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW . The procedures are provided in RCW 34.05.510-. 598.
b. The petition for judicial review must be filed with the superior court and served on the Executive Ethics Board and any other parties within 30 days of the date that the Board serves this Final Order on the parties. (RCW 34.05.542(2)).

Finding, Conclusions $\propto$ Order
Withheld
EEB Case No 06-049
Page - 4
c. Service is defined in RCW 34.05.010(19) as the date of mailing or personal service.

## ENFORCEMENT OF FINAL ORDERS

a. If there is no timely request for review or reconsideration, this Initial Order becomes a Final Order. The Respondent is legally obligated to pay any penalty assessed.
b. The Board will seek to enforce a Final Order in superior court and recover legal costs and attorney's fees if the penalty remains unpaid and no petition for judicial review has been timely filed under chapter 34.05 RCW. This action will be taken without further order by the Board.

Entered this 12 day of May, 2010.
Executive Ethics Board


